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S	SUBJECT Health and	Sanitation Da	ita - Tashkent		NO. OF PAGES 3
	PLACE 25X1A	;]			NO. OF ENCLS.
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	City: <u>Tash</u>	kent, Uzbekis	tan		
	I. GENERAL				
٠.	1. Dir	ect communica			
	(a) (b)		oscow There is airl	ine service	
	Comment	: 40% Russia	n population, r	emainder Uzbeks,	Kirgiz and Tadzhiks
	II. COMMUNI	TY HEALTH CON	OITIONS		
	1. Infe	ant mortality	rate (per 1000	live births): 3	0-50%
	III. WATER				
	1. (a) (b)	No.	ic system adequ	c water supply s ate to furnish w ion of water in	ystem? Yes, but hot hot water ater to whole population?
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	prefer river Is the water treatment so What water of Are bottled	ary quality of vater.) from the publich as boiling? Lid you drink? waters used ex	water checked? ic supply safe to No. River watersand w tensively? No.	Dott of chloring is upoch (Reople o use without further ater from the public supply system. the city? Wells, river.
	IV. FOOD	3 43	// */ 		
	1. Hes	ith Departmen	t exercised co	ontrol over the	Collowing:
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(a) Slaughtering

(1) There is a penalty for illegal slaughter.

(b) Handling meats

(c) Markets

(1) Government markets are controlled, but not "people's markets." In 1943, one egg could be bought for a package of cigarettes in the

free market. Figs are better in the people smarkets, than in gove markets.

(d) There is no control over fish.

2. Milk

(a) How is cow's milk distributed? 5-10% of Decamilk supply goesetarthed with received the milk from dairies. The rest of the supply is no micontrolled.

What percent of milk available is pasteurized? 10%.

(c) What percent of dairy cattle are tuberculin tested? 90+%. By whom? Got rnment doctors travel and care for cattle better than for people.

(d) Does any official agency control the sanitary quality of milk? Yes.

3. Disposal Systems

(a) Are human excreta used for fertilizing land? Yes (particularly for growing excumbers).

(b) Are vegetables grown locally on such land? Yes.

(c) Is there a drainage system adequate to carry surface runoff? Probably not.

(d) Is there a general collection of garbage? Yes. How often? Daily.

(e) Is other refuse collected? Compared and the collected?

Is other refuse collected? Corpses are collected daily.

(f) What ultimate disposal is made of garbage? People look through garbage.

Of other refuse? Garbage collector.

(g) What method is used for disposal of the dead? By burial. Little care is given cemeteries. Bodies are cremated in epidemics, also some natives "dry" dead.

4. Pest Control (Organized method of control):

(a) Lice

- (1) There are "disinfectors" in every railway station and one must show by certificate that he has been de-loused before he can board a train. These certificates are easy to buy. In effect, the disinfectors do more to spread lice than to control the spread. There are plenty of lice among the poor.
- (b) There is no organized method of control over flies, rodents and fleas.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL FACILITIES

Number of hospitals: Many good ones.
 Total number of charity beds: None

- 3. Are the following types of service available:
 - (a) Medical? Yes.

(b) Surgical? Yes. (c) Dental? Yes. Dental care is the easiest of medical care to get, but it is difficult to obtain false teeth.

(d) Nursing? Good,

(e) Obstetrical? Probably not.

COMMENT: Most drugs are not obtainable, even with a prescription. Codeine can be bought and a cocaine-like drug (Yohimbine?) is also obtainable. The latter is not good for women.

LOCAL HEALTH AND WELFARE ADMINISTRATION VI.

1. Are there active divisions of: Tuberculosis control? No. Venereal Disease? No. Maternity, infant? Wes. Child Health? Yes. Social Services for follow-up of infectious diseases? No.

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2. What non-Government health organizations operate in the city or its environs? None.

- Are cases of communicable diseases reported? "It is compulsory to go to the doctor. It is considered sabotage work otherwise.
- 4. What immunization procedures are applied to children? Generally good.
- What immunization procedures are applied to the general public? Typhus, smallpox, Army immunization against tetanus.

CONCLUSIONS ON HEALTH AND SANITATION DATA VII.

Personal opinion on general conditions:

Available medical care Good Available hospital care Available dental care Climatic effect on children Climatic effect on women Climatic effect on men

Health conditions | Sanitation

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2. What special precautions must be taken in order to remain in good physical and mental health? Food and freedom.

VIII. SUPPLEMENTAL QUESTIONS

- 1. Education
 - (a) Describe and evaluate briefly the locally available primary and highschool facilities. Indicate particularly at what levels and in what schools regularly is taught; There are plenty of schools, both Russian and Uzbek. Good buildings. No English is taught. From the age of 7-14, a child must attend school. At 17, one may go to college or university.
- (b) Describe briefly the facilities of the recognized colleges or universities which are available within the country, indicating their location: Engineering Polytechnikum, RR and irrigation specialists; Tashkent University (4 depts - law, medicine, philosophy (Arts), science) -(about 20 thousand students). There are many colleges, especially on irrigation, agriculture, agricultural implements. Every college and university has "red professorship".
 - (e) Medical schools
 - (1) Specialtied clarace are given to most students of medical schools.
 No general knowledge is taught.
 - (2) Teaching facilities: Poor doctors in general
- 2. Medical Research and development:
 - (a) Still older teachers predominate.

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- (b) Laboratory facilities: Many, plague laboratory, cholera laboratory.

 Both are in one kodern building:). The building is in the center of town in the park district, 4 or 5 blocks from the station.
- (c) What significant medical research is being conducted? Cholera, plague.

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